#### § 130.6

- (2) A normal salary (excluding contingent compensation) established at an annual rate and paid to a regular employee of an applicant, supplier or vendor:
- (3) General advertising or promotional expenses not directed to any particular sale or purchaser; or
- (4) Payments made, or offered or agreed to be made, solely for the purchase by an applicant, supplier or vendor of specific goods or technical, operational or advisory services, which payments are not disproportionate in amount with the value of the specific goods or services actually furnished.

[58 FR 39323, July 22, 1993, as amended at 71 FR 20554, Apr. 21, 2006]

### §130.6 Political contribution.

Political contribution means any loan, gift, donation or other payment of \$1,000 or more made, or offered or agreed to be made, directly or indirectly, whether in cash or in kind, which is:

- (a) To or for the benefit of, or at the direction of, any foreign candidate, committee, political party, political faction, or government or governmental subdivision, or any individual elected, appointed or otherwise designated as an employee or officer thereof; and
- (b) For the solicitation or promotion or otherwise to secure the conclusion of a sale of defense articles or defense services to or for the use of the armed forces of a foreign country or international organization. Taxes, customs duties, license fees, and other charges required to be paid by applicable law or regulation are not regarded as political contributions.

## § 130.7 Supplier.

Supplier means any person who enters into a contract with the Department of Defense for the sale of defense articles or defense services valued in an amount of \$500,000 or more under section 22 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2762).

# §130.8 Vendor.

(a) Vendor means any distributor or manufacturer who, directly or indirectly, furnishes to an applicant or supplier defense articles valued in an amount of \$500,000 or more which are end-items or major components as defined in \$121.8 of this subchapter. It also means any person who, directly or indirectly, furnishes to an applicant or supplier defense articles or services valued in an amount of \$500,000 or more when such articles or services are to be delivered (or incorporated in defense articles or defense services to be delivered) to or for the use of the armed forces of a foreign country or international organization under:

- (1) A sale requiring a license or approval from the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls under this subchapter; or
- (2) A sale pursuant to a contract with the Department of Defense under section 22 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2762).
  - (b) [Reserved]

[58 FR 39323, July 22, 1993, as amended at 71 FR 20554, Apr. 21, 2006]

#### § 130.9 Obligation to furnish information to the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls.

- (a)(1) Each applicant must inform the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls as to whether the applicant or its vendors have paid, or offered or agreed to pay, in respect of any sale for which a license or approval is requested:
- (i) Political contributions in an aggregate amount of \$5,000 or more, or
- (ii) Fees or commissions in an aggregate amount of \$100,000 or more. If so, applicant must furnish to the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls the information specified in \$130.10. The furnishing of such information or an explanation satisfactory to the Managing Director of the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls as to why all the information cannot be furnished at that time is a condition precedent to the granting of the relevant license or approval.
- (2) The requirements of this paragraph do not apply in the case of an application with respect to a sale for which all the information specified in §130.10 which is required by this section to be reported shall already have been furnished.
- (b) Each supplier must inform the Directorate of Defense Trade Controls as to whether the supplier or its vendors